Reference Tables for Physical Setting/EARTH SCIENCE

Radioactive Decay Data

RADIOACTIVE ISOTOPE	DISINTEGRATION	HALF-LIFE (years)
Carbon-14	$^{14}\text{C} \rightarrow ^{14}\text{N}$	5.7×10 ³
Potassium-40	⁴⁰ K → ⁴⁰ Ar → ⁴⁰ Ca	1.3×10 ⁹
Uranium-238	²³⁸ U→ ²⁰⁶ Pb	4.5×10 ⁹
Rubidium-87	⁸⁷ Rb → ⁸⁷ Sr	4.9×10 ¹⁰

Equations

Eccentricity = $\frac{\text{distance between foci}}{\text{length of major axis}}$
Gradient = change in field value distance
Rate of change = $\frac{\text{change in value}}{\text{time}}$
Density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$

Specific Heats of Common Materials

MATERIAL	SPECIFIC HEAT (Joules/gram • °C)
Liquid water	4.18
Solid water (ice)	2.11
Water vapor	2.00
Dry air	1.01
Basalt	0.84
Granite	0.79
Iron	0.45
Copper	0.38
Lead	0.13

Properties of Water

Heat energy gained during melting 334 J/g
Heat energy released during freezing 334 J/g
Heat energy gained during vaporization 2260 J/g
Heat energy released during condensation 2260 J/g
Density at 3.98°C 1.0 g/mL

Average Chemical Composition of Earth's Crust, Hydrosphere, and Troposphere

ELEMENT	CRUST		HYDROSPHERE	TROPOSPHERE
(symbol)	Percent by mass	Percent by volume	Percent by volume	Percent by volume
Oxygen (O)	46.10	94.04	33.0	21.0
Silicon (Si)	28.20	0.88		
Aluminum (Al)	8.23	0.48		
Iron (Fe)	5.63	0.49		
Calcium (Ca)	4.15	1.18		
Sodium (Na)	2.36	1.11		
Magnesium (Mg)	2.33	0.33		
Potassium (K)	2.09	1.42		
Nitrogen (N)				78.0
Hydrogen (H)			66.0	
Other	0.91	0.07	1.0	1.0

2010 EDITION

This edition of the Earth Science Reference Tables should be used in the classroom beginning in the 2009–2010 school year. The first examination for which these tables will be used is the January 2010 Regents Examination in Physical Setting/Earth Science.

